

## With our 6+ RTK Engines Monitor the health of your RTK shots. Verify, Record, Present and Defend.

RTK is a statistical process by nature and needs verification. TRIUMPH-LS has six different RTK engines and extensive automatic verification to ensure your shots are 100% reliable.

It also has many tools to **document** the process of your shots for **presentation** when you need to **prove** and **defend**. The screen shots on following pages can automatically be recorded and attached to each point and easily **exported in HTML format**.

J-Shield in back page

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Pages FL-FR

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### We do all these behind the scene for your peace of mind and confidence

#### **RTK Verification**, Phase-1



This graph shows the horizontal and vertical RTK epochs of Phase-1 along with their statistics. Each epoch is the average of six RTK engines.



Phase-1 horizontal and vertical solution of each engine for each epoch.



Expanded view of the vertical solution of each engine. Vertical red lines show the instants in which each engine has been reset and ambiguity solutions recalculated.

**RTK Verification**, Phase-2 FIX 0.015 m .1 .3 OK BACK Start 5.0Hz 6/1:3 205 100% (40) V(70), mm 6, 7 Epochs(10), Time RTK 58, 19 Krk10 Point Charts onf.(30) + Consist.(30) V.Drift, 38.5 + 42-11(6) 0, 1 Page0 Accen H(0, 0)AntH î n 11/0 0, 0 1.50 REC 0.1cm 0.1cm 0.016 0.031UNSET 🛛 55°47′54.51608″N 037°31′15.09007″E 380.8381m

In Phase-2 the best ambiguity solution is selected and RTK is continued with the best ambiguity selection.



Horizontal and vertical view of each engine in Phase-2. At the end of the process, all engines are reset once more to ensure correct ambiguity resolution.



Similar expanded view of the vertical solutions in Phase-1 and Phase-2.



We have planted 19 mag nails, close together, from 16d common nails to 2-3/4 inch Mag Spikes from ChrisNik, in an 18 x 12 feet land in front of our San Jose headquarters.

The site has a great deal of ambient noise from a nearby freeway and construction work.



The initial Mag View focuses only on the mag object with the highest mag value.

The audio and graphical bar on the right side show the magnitude of the magnetic object.

In "Setup" you can select the cell size and the size of the field you want to scan.



2D view of the field shows the magnetic objects that have been scanned.

Zooming the 2D screen can show the shape of the magnetic objects under the ground.

















+		Si	ave	Zoom	Guide	)	
Select	Name	Mag	Avg Range	Filled Cells	Opposite C		3.0
	M1	155.8	68.8	29	7		contr
0	M2	146.4	55.3	24	11		
0	M3	128.8	38.5	24	16		
0	M4	83.1	37.5	34	10		$\square$
Ō	M5	32.2	5.3	25	1	(	$\square$
Ō	M6	32.1	11.6	40	0		
Ō	M7	30.6	14.1	41	1		
Ō	M8	30.5	11.3	39	0	3	5%
Ō	M9	25.9	9.4	34	5	range	covrg
Ō	M10	24.3	10.1	42	5		-
Back				2			

The top two graphs show the 3D view of the magnetic objects in the field. The following four screens show the digitized version of the 2D view. The mag data collected can be saved and recalled for further viewing and documentation. The "List" button lists the magnetic objects detected and their characteristics. Zoom button shows details of the selected object. Guide button will guide to the selected item.





When zoomed to any selected point, the characteristics of the cells around the peak are shown. Squares show the positive and circles the negative cells. Cell sizes are programmable. Similar to the MRI used by doctors!







Horizontal and vertical magnetic vectors show the instantaneous vectors from the current position to the mag point.

Below graphs show the Time View of the mag values of the two sensors and their difference as scanning is in progress. Clicking on any graph shows its expanded view.





	Load Mag Grid Data	BACK FLT 263.	9n 0 .8 Hz [68] OK	₩ 100%	In Mag Mode
Mag2				Target	NEXT 1
Mag2		→ → +13 <b>→</b>	M1[3] - 155.8 🥖	M1[3]	⊽ ∆.∕
Mag3				155.8	Guide
		Review Ahead m	M1(3) 1 7 8	Accept As 9	
		Left m 58.4	59.677 m	0, 0 0	AntH 1 m 1.66
		1.425 Cut m 12.2		Boundary	1.425 m 🔍
Васк	Lo	599811.0851	m 1875514.7992m	12.194	2m

### **Field View**

When you scan a large area, you can save all possible peak points, view them on the map and select the point with the highest peak to dig.

When you save a point, you can also save all the raw Mag sensor data for future view and documentation.





#### **Work Flow**



We have not only integrated a sophisticated magnetic locator in the TRIUMPH-LS, but we have also streamlined the whole process. First, the "Stakeout" screen will guide you towards the target.

Then the "Mag" screen locates your underground target and determines its coordinates. You can also save this point.

And finally in the "Collect" screen, you can survey the target point which you have dug up and exposed. This is also the time to use the **built in camera** of the TRIUMPH-LS to photograph and fully document the evidence which you have recovered.

We have shown many J-Tip internal details to show the sophistication embedded in it. Its operation is much easier than conventional magnetic locators.





# After your field work, sip your favorite drink... ...while we fill the other 5 buckets.



Mount your base on your car, park it in any unknown location and start the base. Perform your RTK work. Then download the base data in your TRIUMPH-LS rover. We will do the rest as follow:

TRIUMPH-LS will send the base data to DPOS, which will process it with CORS stations, and will determine the accurate position of the base and then corrects all of your rover points. DPOS also post processes the rover data and ensures that RTK solutions were correct and applies the base corrections to these solutions as well.

Base • Pr				Previor	us	Next	
Base	AUTO	0	CORS Fixed	0	2-Lo Calcu	ocal llated	
N, m	+2.045		-0.002		14647.056		
E, m	-0.273		-0.001		1414.587		
U, m	+3.535		-0.013		349.623		
RMS, mm	1303, 1615		14, 9		1303, 1615		
Epochs / s			3124 / 3161				
Sats	9+7		10+9		9+7		
Stat			1				
Back	Σ	Ð	Σ	•			

Initial base position can also be corrected by the rover occupying one or more known positions. This screen shows the initial and corrected positions of the base both by CORS and by m-Local known rover occupations.

P1, FLN			Previous	Next
ABS	RTK <sub>BCP</sub> O	PPK <sub>BCP</sub> O	CORS Fixed	2-Local Calculated
N, m	-0.002	-0.000	+0.008	14647.060
E, m	-0.001	+0.000	+0.005	1414.587
U, m	-0.013	+0.009	-0.026	347.781
RMS, mm	4, 3	4, 4	15, 9	4, 3
Epochs / s	2956 / 602	601 / 601	601 / 601	2956 / 602
Sats	8+7	8+7	8+7	8+7
Stat	36 / 4400	1	1	
Back	Σ	Σ	Σ	4.5.6

All rover positions (initial RTK, Post Processed, corrected with CORS and corrected with m-Local) are shown in this screen. User can select the desired solution. Statistics and differences are shown as well.



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