

All GNSS civilian signals

TRIUMPH 3

Based on TRIUMPH chip with 864 channels



- Spread Spectrum • Bluetooth • UHF • 4G/LTE Cellular
- Wi-Fi • Integrated GNSS antenna

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J-Mate Overview

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J-Mate Test Volunteer

We have delayed the introduction of the new J-Mate to enable us to add new features like replacing liquid vials with a highly accurate internal inclinometer to monitor and continuously compensate for level offsets.

We now are ready to send J-Mates to **20 volunteers in the United States**, who would like test the J-Mate with their TRIUMPH-LS and give us feedback over a period of up to two months.

As a reward for each volunteer's efforts, we will offer a **50% discount on the J-Mate** if they decide to buy it.

Please go to www.javad.com, to submit your volunteer application at "J-Mate Test Volunteer".

J-Mate Quick Overview and update to Videos

First let's make the record straight: J-Mate is not a total-station. J-Mate and TRIUMPH-LS **together** are "**Total Solution**" which is combination of GNSS, encoder and laser range measurements that **together** they do a lot more that a total station. In long distances you use GNSS and in short distances (maximum of 100 meters) use the J-Mate along with the TRIUMPH-LS. Together they provide RTK level accuracy (few centimeters) in ranges **from zero to infinity**. Although the sensors are specified to work up to 100 meters, but the usage is more quick and convenient for distances of up to 50 meters. We await what is the range that feel comfortable.

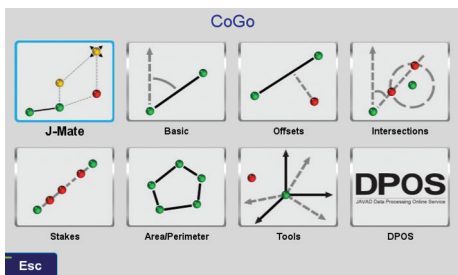
One burden that we leave you with is to focus the camera manually when you need it. If you are always more than 15 meters away from the target, you keep the focus button on maximum and leave it there. We will replace the focus button to make it easier to access if needed.

As with TRIUMPH-LS, with J-Mate we also provide software improvement updates regularly and free of charge. Download the J-Mate update in your TRIUMPH-LS and then inject it to the J-Mate. When you connect the TRIUMPH-LS to the J-Mate, the injection will be done automatically; but with your consent.

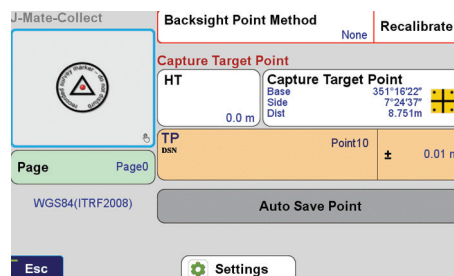
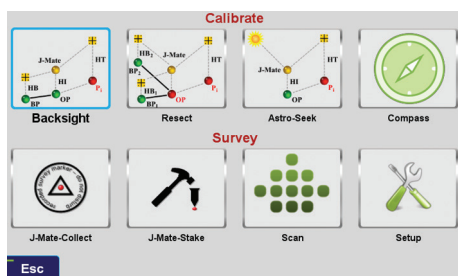
There are many new features in the J-Mate. We try to explain them in a few steps. Please also view the J-Mate videos in our website.

Connecting J-Mate to TRIUMPH-LS:

TRIUMPH-LS communicates with the J-Mate through Wi-Fi. Turn on both the TRIUMPH-LS and The J-Mate. Click the Wi-Fi icon of the TRIUMPH-LS Home screen to connect to the J-Mate, much the same way as you connect TRIUMPH-LS to your Wi-Fi access point. J-Mate has ID of the form JMatexxx.



After connection, try to get acquainted with the **Main Navigation Screen**: On the TRIUMPH-LS Home screen, click CoGo/J-Mate/J-Mate Collect/Capture Target points.



Finding the target automatically: There are three ways to search and find the target automatically:

- 1) One is by laser to scan and snap to a point when range changes by the specific amount. This is particularly valuable to snap to cables, poles and edges of buildings.
- 2) Second is search for the object of the specific flat size and focus on its center.
- 3) Third is with the camera to search for the QR target that we supply. We will discuss these later.

Switching between the two cameras: You can view the scenes by the wide-angle camera of TRIUMPH-LS, while sitting on top of J-Mate; or by the narrow angle precise camera on the Side of J-Mate. Click Button “4” of Figure 1 to switch between the two.

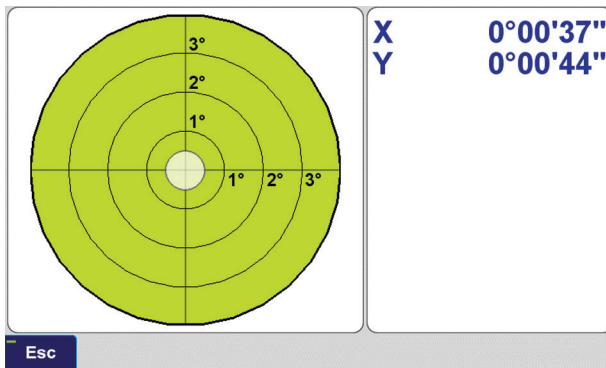


Figure 3

Viewing the embedded Inclinometer:

If you hold button “4” of Figure 1, you will see the embedded 0.001-degree electronic inclinometer of the J-Mate as shown in Figure 3. It updates 10 times per second.

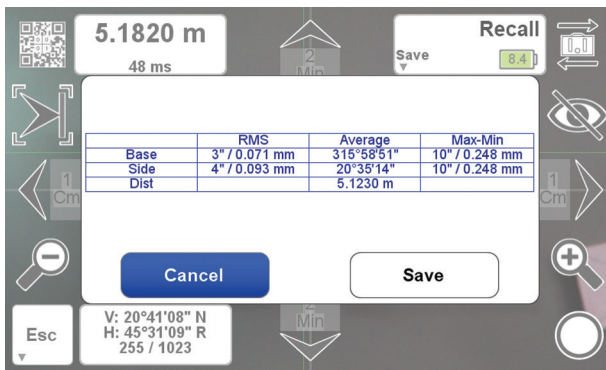


Figure 4

Taking a Point:

When you focus on your target manually or automatically, you can click the “Take” button (“5” in the Figure 1). The Encoders will be measured 10 times, the average, RMS and spread will be shown and you can decide to accept or reject (Figure 4). The accepted points will be treated like RTK points but labeled as “JM” points.

You can access and treat them like any other points in the TRIUMPH-LS.

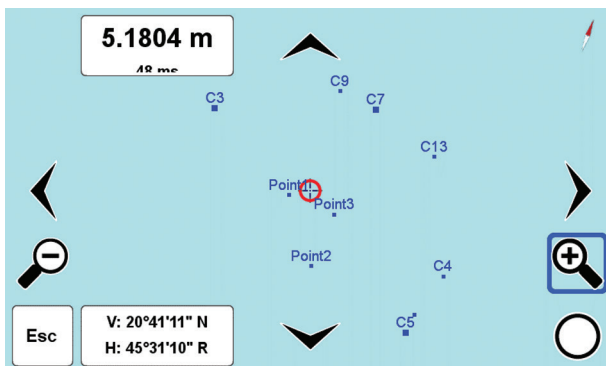


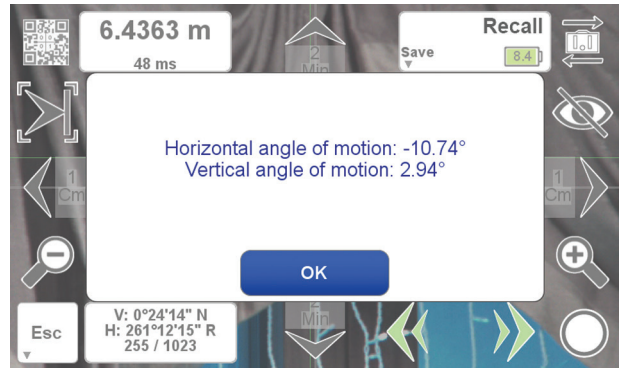
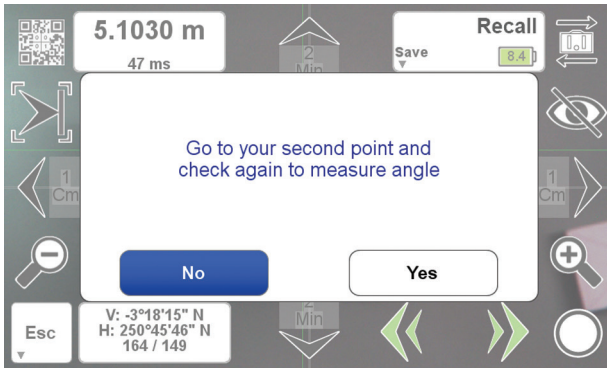
Figure 5

Viewing the Measured Points:

Clicking button “6” in Figure 1 will remove some of the items from the screen (Figure 5). Hold it long and you will see live view of the points taken by J-Mate.

Measuring angles quickly:

Aim at the first point and click button “7” of Figure 1. Then Aim to the second point and click this button again. You will see the horizontal angles between the two points.



Saving and Recalling Orientations:

Aim at a point and hold long the button “8” of the Figure 1 to save the horizontal, vertical, or both of that orientation (Figure 7). Click this button to rotate to that saved orientation.

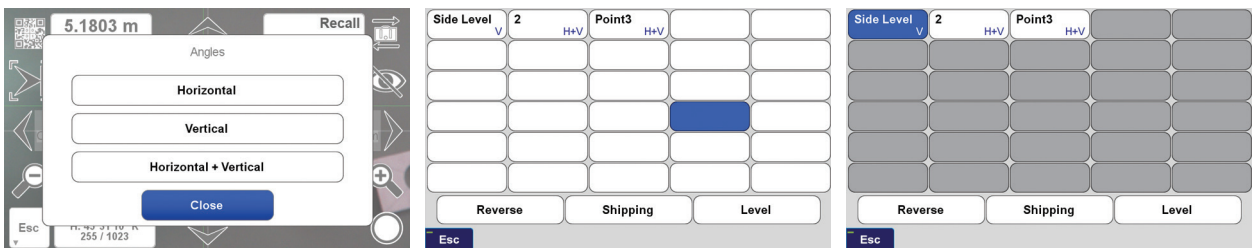


Figure 7

Scanning and Snapping to an object:

Click button “9” of Figure 1 and the left and right motion buttons (“3” on Figure 1) change to red which means when you click them scanning to snap will start when you click them. Hold long button 9 to get to the screen that sets the parameters for the Scan and Snap operation.

In this screen you can define the scan range and ask the scan to stop when range changes by the specified value. Then you can select the point that was measured before the stop or after the stop. By selecting a very large number you can scan the ranges that you have specified and record the 3D image. When you click button 9 to stop change the scanning back to normal motion, you will be asked if you want to save the scanned file. You can view the 3D image of the scanned file in the “File” icon of the Home screen of the TRIUMPH-LS.



Connecting and Re-connecting J-Mate to TRIUMPH-LS

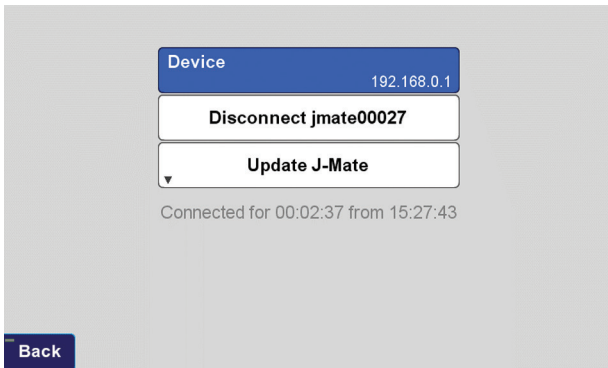
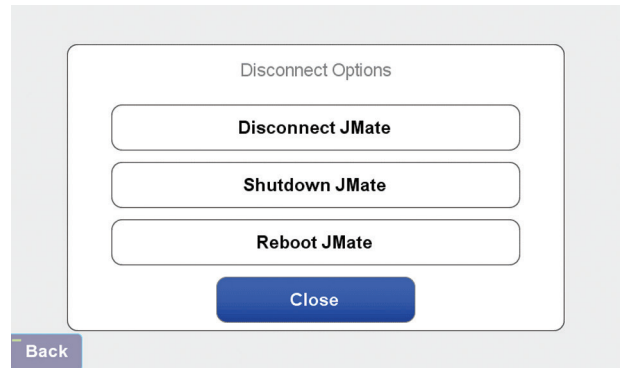


Figure 8



Holding the “ESC” button (“10” in Figure 1) will take you to Figure 8 which lets you disconnect J-Mate, Reboot, or turn off. Like all Wi-Fi connections, you may lose connection and need to use this screen to disconnect, re-connect, or re-boot J-Mate and in some occasions reboot TRIUMPH-LS too, especially when connection between the camera of the J-Mate and TRIUMPH-LS is lost.

View Range measurements

Box “12” of the Figure 1 shows the range measurements. It reads up to 20 times per second.

Automatic Finding of the Target:

Click the QR icon (“11” of the Figure 1). You will be guided through the following steps to aim at your target point. :

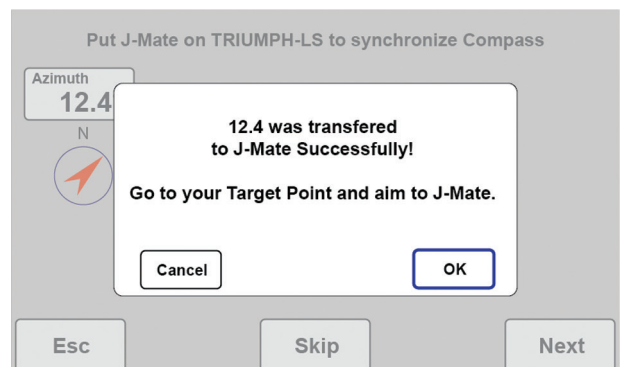
1. Put the TRIUMPH-LS on top of J-Mate (or slightly above it, but at the same orientation as the J-Mate, to be far from the motor magnets of the J-Mate) and click Next.

This step will transfer the compass reading of the TRIUMPH-LS to the J-Mate encoders.

You can skip this and the next step if you are in an area that the compass readings are not valid or you can aim manually in the next steps. .

2. Go to your target, Put the QR accessory on top of the TRIUMPH-LS and aim the TRIUMPH-LS towards the J-Mate (with the help of the TRIUMPH-LS camera) and click Next.

This will help the J-Mate to know the general direction to the target and limit its search range. You can go back to previous step to fine tune view of the J-Mate. Or you can skip these two steps altogether.



3. You will see the J-Mate camera view on the TRIUMPH-LS screen. You can fine tune the J-Mate view by the navigation buttons to make recognition faster. You can skip these steps if you don't want to make the search faster.

In here you can also manually aim at the center of the QR panel and take your shot.

4. Click "Find by Optical" if you want the QR panel to be scanned and centered automatically.

When J-Mate focuses on the center of the QR, you can click the "Take" button. You will be asked if you want to record the point.

5. If you also want to find the center of the QR by Laser scanning, you can click the "Find by Laser". If Laser scan is successful, you can click the "Take" button to replace the previous measurement with the current measurement done by laser scanning.

The center of the QR is vertically collocated with the GNSS antenna and you don't need to be exactly perpendicular to the J-Mate path. For safeguard, we measure the four sides of the QR and determine the angular offset, if we need it.

If light condition is such that camera cannot find the QR, chances are better that laser scanner can find it.

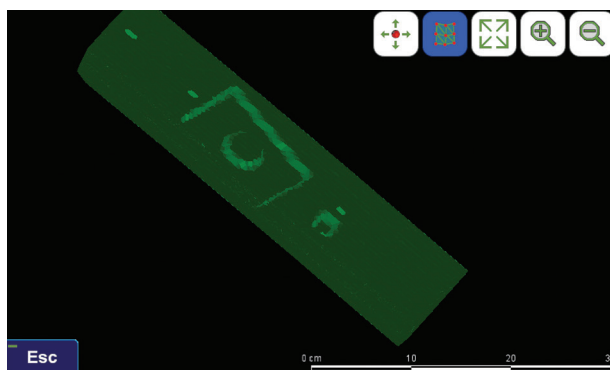
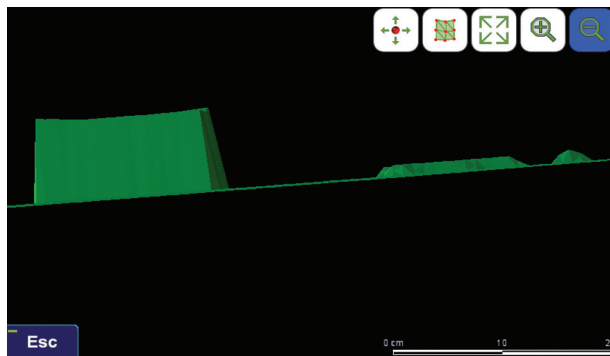
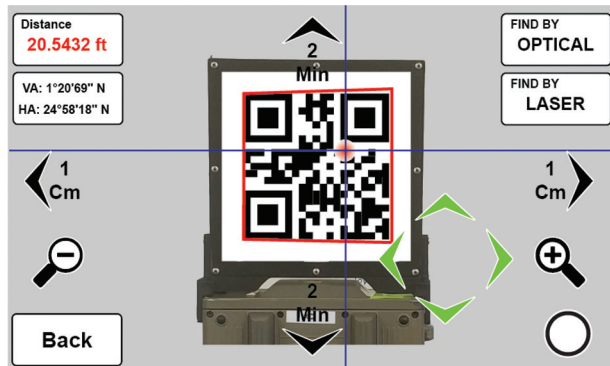
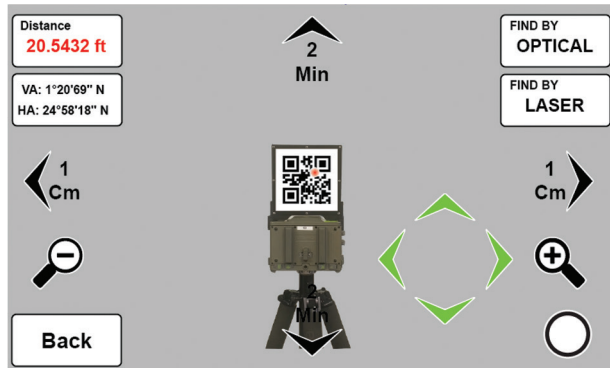
Finding the center of QR by laser and by the camera is a tool to calibrate these two sensors together.

You can run this feature periodically to re-calibrate their axis if you need to. This calibration is small portion of the factory calibration.

You see the 3 views of the 3D scanning

The first scan image is scan of a 1 cm thick and a 6 cm thick objects. 1 cm step resolution.

The last one is scan of a 12.5 x 8 cm object of 1 cm thickness.



This overview as also an update to videos at www.javad.com.

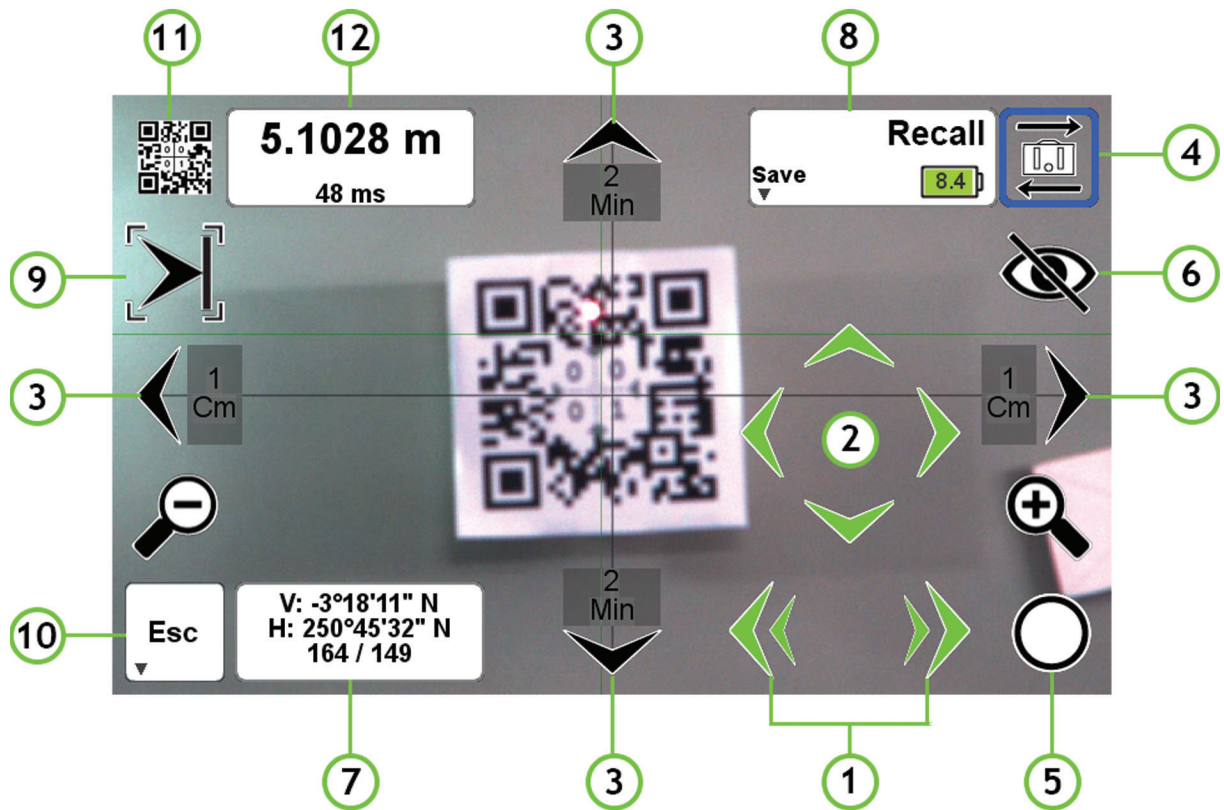


Figure 1

This is the **Main Navigation Screen**

Finding the Target:

You can find targets manually or automatically.

There are five ways that you can manually rotate the J-Mate towards your target:

1. On the bottom right of the Main View screen, there are left and right “Fast Motion” buttons. While you hold them the J-Mate rotates about 30 degrees per second. (“1” on the Figure 1)
2. Above them, there are slow Left/Right/UP/Down “Slow Motion” buttons. While you hold them, the J-Mate rotates about 5 degrees per second. (“2” on the Figure 1)
3. Then there are Left/Right/Up/Down buttons around the screen. Each click moves the J-Mate according to the value that users assign to them. Hold these buttons to assign angular or linear values to them (“3” on the Figure 1). The Value Assignment Screen is shown in Figure 2.

4. Touching points and on the two cameras and by gestures.

5. You can also rotate the J-Mate manually while it is not moving automatically, but limit that to the small rotations in the area of motor free motion, not to apply backpressure to motor as much as you can. Motor manufacturer does not prohibit manual motion, but we think it is better to avoid that as much as possible.

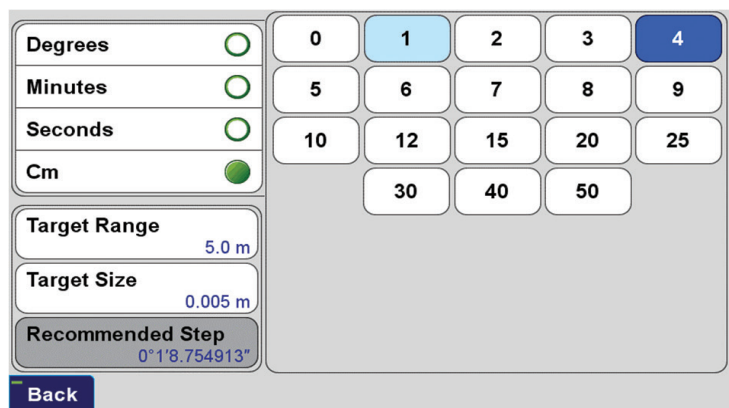


Figure 2

